

EASTEN WANTS NEWSCHOOLHOUSE

Petition Presented by 800 Patrons of Springfield Building

SMOOTH PAVING WANTED

Board of Aldermen Refers Many Requests to Committees.

Determined not to let Chimborazo and Hanover schools get too far in advance, Chairman Adams, of the Street Committee, introduced into the Board of Aldermen last night a resolution, supported by a petition signed by 800 patrons of Springfield School, asking for a new building with better facilities. The paper was referred to the Committee on Finance.

The school is located at the corner of Twenty-sixth and Leigh Streets, in one of the most thickly settled portions of the city. The present building is valued at \$28,739.36. It was erected in 1880, and has been remodeled from time to time, and steam heat added. It now accommodates 720 pupils, the largest enrollment of any white public school save the John Marshall High School.

Some New Papers.
Other papers introduced in the Board of Aldermen last night on roll call included a resolution offered by Alderman Johnson, allowing the new building of the Richmond Building Corporation, at Main Street, between Ely and Eleventh Streets, to encroach on the north line of Main Street, which was referred to the Street Committee; a resolution offered by Mr. Billey providing for the annual budget for 1911, which was referred to the Finance Committee; and a resolution offered by Mr. Donahoe setting forth the plan for a new building for the city and retired by the Board of Police Commissioners, and authorizing the Board to reinstate Mr. Perkins and continue his pay as an active member of the Board, with the understanding that when his health improves he may be assigned to special duty by the Police Board. The paper was referred to the Police Board for recommendation. President Whitte offered a paper providing for the appropriation of \$4,416 for improvement of the "zero" armory, which went to the Committee on Finance.

Papers Concurred In.
The Board of Aldermen concurred in the following matters, which now go to the Mayor for his approval: Authorizing the curbing and guttering of Main Street west of Rowland Street, to the extent of \$2,716, apportioned from the bond issue for the approved territory.

Ordinance awarding a franchise to the Richmond and Henrico Railway Company to operate its cars from Thirty-first and Marshall Streets, along Marshall to Thirty-sixth, thence to the Government Road, and a loop in Fulton, changing the route originally proposed in the East End.

Instructing the City Attorney to acquire land to open Decatur Street from the Atlantic Coast Line tracks to Holly Street, in the East End, to a uniform width of thirty feet.

Authorizing the closing of a blind alley east of Seventeenth Street, between Broad and Marshall Streets, at the request of the American Terminal Warehouse Corporation.

Authorizing the grading of a sidewalk on Twenty-ninth Street, beside the property of the Richmond and Henrico Railway Company, at the request of the American Terminal Warehouse Corporation.

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This Will Stop Your Cough in a Hour

Save \$2 by Making This Cough Syrup at Home.

This recipe makes a pint of better cough syrup than you could buy ready made for \$2.00. A few doses usually conquer the most obstinate cough—stops even whooping cough quickly. Simple as it is, no better remedy can be had at any price.

Mix one pint of granulated sugar with 1/2 pint of warm water, and stir for five minutes. Put 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex (fifty cents worth) in a pint bottle, then add the Sugar Syrup. It has a pleasant taste and lasts a fairly long time. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours.

You can feel this take hold of a cough in a way that means business. Has a good tonic effect, braces up the appetite and is slightly laxative, too, which is good. A lady writes for her own cough, bronchitis, asthma and all throat and lung troubles.

The effect of Pinex on the membranes is well known. Pinex is the most valuable concentrated compound of Pinex (fifty cents worth) and is rich in calcium and all the natural healing elements. Other preparations will not work in the formula.

This Pinex and Sugar Syrup recipe has attained great popularity throughout the United States and Canada. It has often been imitated, though never successfully.

A guaranty of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, is given with this recipe. Your druggist has Pinex or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., St. Wayne, Ind.

You can buy a dozen cans of GOOD LUCK

The Patented Tin Foil Cans in which Good Luck Baking Powder is packed prevent deterioration. "Good Luck" could not be sold regularly in solid carload lots if it did not fully retain its High Leavening Power.

At your grocer's.

The Southern Manufacturing Company, Richmond, Va.

GOOD LUCK

Critic of Plays in New York



Sergeant George H. Quackenbush, New York police sergeant, who is at the head of the Bureau of Information at police headquarters, and acts as censor on questionable plays in the metropolis. He recently wrote a very entertaining and exhaustive criticism on Bernhard's performance of "In Samarkand," and put his O. K. on the play.

ENRIGHT TELLS HOW HE GOT HIS EVIDENCE

Government Agent Chief Witness for Prosecution in Kelly Company Case.

WATCHED IN RENTED ROOM

Liquor Establishment, Indicted on 119 Counts, Denies All Wrongdoing.

Trial of the case of the United States government against Phil G. Kelly, incorporated, for alleged violations of internal revenue laws, in that the defendant company failed to enter on the forms prescribed by law certain quantities of whiskey received from the Darbytown Distillery and other sources, began in the United States District Court, Judge Edmund Vaddell, Jr. presiding in special session, at 10 o'clock yesterday.

Section 3317 provides that "on or before the tenth day of each month every person engaged in rectifying or compounding distilled spirits shall make, in such form as prescribed by the commissioner of internal revenue, a return to the collector of the district, showing the quantity of spirits received for rectification, and from whom received for rectification, the quantity rectified, the quantity removed after rectification, during the preceding month, and giving such other information as may be required by the commissioner of internal revenue, such return to be made in duplicate and sworn to by the rectifier, and the collector shall forward one of such returns to the commissioner of internal revenue."

For failure to comply with the statute a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000, and imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than two years, is provided.

Section 3318 provides that "every rectifier and wholesale dealer shall provide a book, to be prepared and kept in such form as may be prescribed by the commissioner of internal revenue, and shall, on the same day on which he receives any foreign or domestic spirits, and before he draws off any part thereof, or adds water or anything thereto, or in any respect alters the same, enter into such book, and in the proper columns respectively prepared for the purpose, the date when, the name of the person or firm from whom, and the place whence the spirits were received, by whom distilled, rectified or compounded, and when and by whom inspected, and, in the original packages, the serial number on each package, the number of wine gallons and proof gallons, the kind spirit and the number and kind of adhesive stamps thereon."

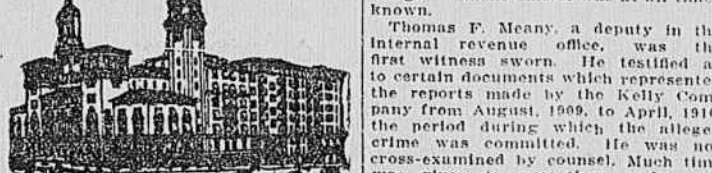
For failure to comply with this statute a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$5,000, and imprisonment for not less than three months nor more than three years is provided.

There are three separate and distinct forms on which the records must be presented to the collector of internal revenue. Forms 32-A and 32-B relate to rectification, while form 33 has to do with the monthly report made by the wholesaler. The majority of the counts in the indictment against the Kelly Company come under section 3318. Should conviction be secured it is probable that the government would sue to recover the amount of money alleged to be due because of the illegal acts of the defendant. Many thousands of dollars are involved, and the case is being watched with much interest by the day with an eager throng of spectators. Should the defendant company be found guilty on each one of the counts, and the minimum penalty inflicted, it will mean a fine aggregating \$14,500.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Petersburg Dyspeptics
Drink PANACEA Mineral Spring Water
W. E. ARMSTRONG & CO.
Can Supply You

Table d'Hote Dinners Saturday and Sunday evenings, 6 to 9 o'clock, \$1.50 each.



THE JEFFERSON
Richmond, Va.
The most magnificent hotel in the South. European plan. Rooms single and en suite, with and without baths. Spacious sample rooms. Rate, \$1.50 per day and upward.

SNOWDRIFT HOGLESS LARD

THE havoc hog lard has wrought to the American digestion is a long sad story, and the best way to make that long story short is to use Snowdrift for the shortening. Snowdrift Hogless Lard is composed of highly refined Cotton Seed Oil, with a slight proportion of oleo stearine, (beef fat) to give consistency. Always call for "Snowdrift."

The Southern Cotton Oil Co. New York, Kansas, Chicago, C-2

Snowdrift is sold by leading dealers everywhere and is United States Inspected and Passed. This guarantee, coupled with our own warrant of perfection, should cause you always to demand Snowdrift Hogless Lard, and beware of any and every attempt at substitution.

1/3 Less Expense 1/3 More Worth

though severely cross-examined by Mr. Smith.

His testimony, in substance, follows: "I am now a special accountant in the Treasury Department of the United States government, but during the period from August 17, 1909, to April 1, 1910, I was sent as a special agent of the Internal Revenue Department to Richmond for the purpose of investigating certain suspicious circumstances in connection with the whiskey business conducted by the Phil G. Kelly Company."

"For the information of the jury I have drawn a diagram of the neighborhood in which the Kelly establishment is situated. (The diagram, drawn on a blackboard, was introduced and explained by witness.) I rented a room in rear of Robert S. Christian & Son, 1411-1413 Davenport Lane. This room was so located as to look right into the rear of Kelly's place. The window in the room was covered with screens, and looked anything but suspicious. With a peep-hole cut in the window I could easily see all that went on in the place across the alley, and could hear conversations. It was but nineteen feet from where I was to the store."

"I occupied that room about August 18, 1909, and never left with the exception of about a month, from October 25, to November 25, 1909, until April 1. It was my duty then to watch the several loads of whiskey delivered at the rear of the place across the alley. I was at first particularly struck by the clerks with which the wagons were unloaded and the suspicious manner in which every one acted."

Witness then proceeded to verify the several counts in the indictment and was still occupying the witness chair when court adjourned at 1:30 P. M. for dinner.

Told About Jugs.
At 3 o'clock court reconvened, and Major Enright continued on through the remaining 100 counts, telling the exact number of loads delivered each day, the number of jugs in each load, and the quantity of whiskey contained in each jug.

He told of what he regarded as peculiar circumstances, especially that when the government inspectors were around taking inventory no whiskey was received by Kelly in the two wagons—one white topped and the other black topped, and bearing the sign of John Thompson. His testimony was given from a grandstand made from notes taken during his long vigil, and Mr. Smith noted objection to the testimony thus given.

At the conclusion of the direct testimony witness was cross-examined by Attorney Smith.

"I want to see the records from which your testimony was given," said Mr. Smith.

Upon request made to the court the records were given him. After close scrutiny, the attorney declared that not one instance was the word whiskey used, as referring to the several loads of jugs received by the Kelly Company.

"Why didn't you say whiskey in your report?"

"Because I thought the persons to whom the report was made would understand," witness replied.

"But you didn't say whiskey. Now, as a matter of fact, do you really know that there was whiskey in those jugs?"

"I do."

"How do you know?"

"You mean to tell the jury and the court that with whiskey being rectified and bottled in the place, and with the windows open, you could detect that the odor of whiskey was not from the store instead of the jugs?"

"New, isn't it a fact that you smelled whiskey all of the time?"

"I suppose I did. There was always more or less odor of whiskey, but when the jugs had been emptied, the corks drawn and the jugs placed back in the wagon, the odor was particularly perceptible."

Question of Capacity.
"There is another question I want to ask: How did you know that the jugs contained four gallons, admitting that they did contain whiskey? How did you know whether they were half filled or wholly filled, or whether they contained two gallons or one gallon or four gallons?"

"By the way they were handled."

"You swear that the jugs were full, and yet you never looked in them, never saw the contents measured, never weighed them nor ever gauged them?"

"To the best of my knowledge and belief, I swear they were full."

Counsel resumed his question witness along these lines, but he stuck to his original story. It was the evident desire of counsel to show that the witness was not positive as to the number of gallons contained in the jugs, nor of what kind of fluid was in them.

At this juncture, 5:15 o'clock, Judge Vaddell announced that court would adjourn until to-day at 10:30 o'clock, at which time the cross-examination of Major Enright will be continued.

Counsel for the defense was granted the privilege of examining the records from which Major Enright refreshed his memory.

The striking feature of the witness' testimony was that when the revenue officers were in the building no jugs were received, but as soon as they left the wagons reappeared. Several exceptions were noted by the defense during the hearing. There are several witnesses yet to be called for the government.

SHOT TO DEATH BY HIS WIFE.
Negro Killed in Holland—Wiley Hall Pleads Guilty.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Suffolk, Va., January 10.—The hamlet of Holland to-day Newell Whitehead, colored, thirty-four years old, was shot to death by his wife, Lucinda Whitehead. A single charge of gunshot dismembered the victim, and the same instant the fatal wound is believed to have originated with jealousy. The wife was having a violent argument with Ada Harris, a rival, when the husband seemed to side with Ada. A pistol and shotgun were in play, but the former was not fired. The woman claimed the shooting was accidental, and she was exonerated this afternoon at an investigation conducted by Mayor Luke and Justice Joyner.

Wiley Hall, an aged merchant of Holland, to-day in the Nameson Circuit Court pleaded guilty to the charge of

running a blind tiger. Hall said his wife, indicted jointly with him, also was guilty. She was too ill to be brought into court. Judge McLenore held that Hall was not authorized to enter a plea of guilty for the wife, and sentence on each was suspended until Saturday.

Club May Build New Home.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Norfolk, Va., January 10.—There is some likelihood that the present site of the Virginia Club, Norfolk's famous club home, may be sold and a new location, farther away from the hum of business, selected. The plan is favored by President F. H. Hobbs. Mr. Hobbs is working to this end, and the new site will probably be somewhere in the neighborhood of Granby and Freemason Streets, but off the former street a square or two.

REPORT OF COTTON GINNED.
Figures for 1910 Show 11,087,462 Bales. Connected With 9,447,327 for 1909.

Washington, January 10.—There is some likelihood that the present site of the Virginia Club, Norfolk's famous club home, may be sold and a new location, farther away from the hum of business, selected. The plan is favored by President F. H. Hobbs. Mr. Hobbs is working to this end, and the new site will probably be somewhere in the neighborhood of Granby and Freemason Streets, but off the former street a square or two.

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